NHS Number
Hospital No.
Forename(s)
Surname
Date of Birth
Address

Postcode:

# **All Wales Pain Assessment**



TO BE COMPLETED IN BLACK INK

- Pain scores should be recorded on the electronic system but if unavailable, paper format can be used
- ALL patients must have a pain assessment on admission (on movement) and further evaluation as indicated overleaf
- Indicate the pain assessment tool being used and ensure it is appropriate for this patient's level of communication (guidance overleaf)
- Once the patient has been assessed, using the guidance overleaf, transcribe the pain score in to the Equivalent Categorical Pain Scale below (NONE, MILD, MODERATE, SEVERE)
- If an action is documented, the pain score must be re-evaluated at an appropriate interval (guidance on frequency overleaf)

Date & Time	Pain assessment tool used:	Pain Score	Equivalent Categorical Pain Scale (see overleaf)				Action/comments	Signature
			NONE	MILD	MODERATE	SEVERE		
	Categorical (N-M-M-S)						Details:	
	0-10							
	PainAD							
	Abbey							
	Categorical (N-M-M-S)						Details:	
	0-10							
	PainAD					ш		
	Abbey							
	Categorical (N-M-M-S)						Details:	
	0-10							
	PainAD							
	Abbey							
	Categorical (N-M-M-S)						Details:	
	0-10							
	PainAD					ш		
	Abbey							
	Categorical (N-M-M-S)						Details:	
	0-10							
	PainAD							
	Abbey							
	Categorical (N-M-M-S)						Details:	
	0-10							
	PainAD							
	Abbey							
	Categorical (N-M-M-S)						Details:	
	0-10							
	PainAD							
	Abbey							
	Categorical (N-M-M-S)						Details:	
	0-10		- 🗆					
	PainAD		_	_		_		
	Abbey							
	Categorical (N-M-M-S)		_				Details:	
	0-10		- 🗆					
	PainAD		_	_		_		
	Abbey							
	Categorical (N-M-M-S)		-				Details:	
	0-10							
	PainAD							
	Abbey							

**Version: 2.4** (pilot release) **Approval Date:** 29/04/2019

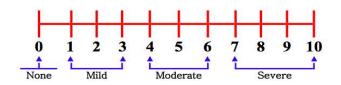
## All Wales Pain Assessment Pain Tool Guidance

Is your patient able to verbalise their pain? If Yes, use the Categorical Scale (NONE, MILD, MODERATE, SEVERE) OR Numerical Pain scale (0-10) as typically used in your clinical area. Use one tool only. If UNABLE to verbalise pain, use PainAD OR Adapted Abbey. If necessary, convert the score into the Categorical Scale (NONE, MILD, MODERATE, SEVERE) and record overleaf. All pain scored MUST be assessed on movement / patient activity.

# CATEGORICAL SCALE



## **NUMERICAL SCALE**



Numerical Rating Scale	Equivalent Categorical Scale
0	NO PAIN
1-3	MILD PAIN
4-6	MODERATE PAIN
7-10	SEVERE PAIN

### **PAINAD SCALE**

I AINAD SCALL			
PAINAD 0		1	2
Breathing (Independent of vocalization)	ndependent of Normal		Noisy laboured breathing. Long period of hyperventilation. Cheyne- stokes respirations
Negative Vocalisation None		Occasional moan or groan / low level speech with a negative or disapproving quality	Repeated troubled calling out. Loud moaning or groaning. Crying
Facial Expression	Smiling or inexpressive	Sad Frightened Frown	Facial grimacing
Body Language Relaxed		Tense. Distressed pacing. Fidgeting	Rigid. Fists clenched. Knees pulled up. Pulling or punching away. Striking out
Consolable		Distracted or reassured by voice or touch	Unable to console, distract or reassure

PainAD Scale Total Score:	Equivalent Categorical Scale
0	NO PAIN
1-3	MILD PAIN
4-6	MODERATE PAIN
7-10	SEVERE PAIN

Score guidance for each category: (0, 1 or 2) when screening for pain related behaviours during activity (MAX=10)

### ADAPTED ABBEY SCALE

Vocalisation (score 0-3)	Whimpering, groaning, crying
Facial Expression (score 0-3)	Grimacing, frowning, looking tense, looking frightened
Change in Body Language (score 0-3)	Fidgeting, rocking, guarding part of body, withdrawn
Behavioural Change (score 0-3)	Alterations in usual patterns, increased confusion, refusing to eat
Physiological Change (score 0-3)	Temperature, rapid pulse, blood pressure outside normal limits
Physical Changes (score 0-3)	Skin tears, pressure areas, arthritis, contractures

Adapted Abbey Pain Scale Total score:	Equivalent Categorical Scale
0-2	NO PAIN
3-7	MILD PAIN
8-13	MODERATE PAIN
14+	SEVERE PAIN

#### Acknowledgment:

Abbey, J; De Bellis, A; Piller, N; Esterman, A; Giles, L; Parker, D and Lowcay, B. Funded by the JH & JD Gunn Medical Research Foundation 1998 - 2002

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Score guidance for each category: Absent = 0, Mild = 1, Moderate =2, Severe=3 (MAX=18)

Discuss with family / carers how the person usually reacts to pain (past and present). Ask about their usual behaviour patterns. Check any getting to know you forms such as "This is Me", "Reach Out to Me", DIS-DAT for individual pain behaviours. Record any particular pain behaviours in the sections above.

## FREQUENCY OF PAIN ASSESSMENT AND ANALGESIA ADMINISTRATION

**NO PAIN MILD PAIN MODERATE PAIN** Reassess 12-hourly as per NEWS Give step 1 analgesia

Give step 2 analgesia Reassess after 30-60 minutes

Give step 3 analgesia Reassess after 30 and 60 minutes Ongoing assessment minimum 4-hourly Ongoing assessment minimum 4-hourly

Reassess 4-hourly

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observations

**SEVERE PAIN**